THE ATMOSPHERE - Outline

- 1. Understanding the processes
- 2. Favorable conditions
- 3. Shield
- 4. Weather definition
- 5. Interconnections
- 6. Climate definition
- 7. Human impact
- 8. Influences on climate formation

THE ATMOSPHERE - Outline 1. Understanding the processes

8. Influences on climate formation

2. Favorable conditions	
3. It's a shield	
4. Weather	
5. Interconnections	
6. Climate	
7. Human impact	

THE ATMOSPHERE

- 1. UNDERSTANDING THE PROCESSES. <u>Knowledge</u> of the component parts and dynamic nature of the atmosphere helps us to <u>understand</u> the various conditions encountered, allowing us to make better <u>decisions</u>.
- 2. FAVORABLE CONDITIONS. We depend on conditions of the atmosphere that are <u>not uncomfortable</u> to us.
- a) chemical composition (78% nitrogen, 21% oxygen, 1% other .03% carbon dioxide)
 - b) pressure (14 lbs per sq. in. at sea level)
 - c) temperature (don't like cold and heat waves)
 - d) air movements (don't like storms)
- 3. SHIELD. The atmosphere <u>protects us</u> from meteorites, ultraviolet rays and heat re-radiation (heat loss).

4. WEATHER.

- a) Weather is the state of the atmosphere at any one point in time. It is composed of temperature, air pressure, wind and moisture. These are known, measurable variables at any point in time.
- b) Weather prediction or forecast is an attempt to guess what it will be like in the future based on models of events in the past.

5. INTERCONNECTIVITY. The atmosphere is <u>dy-namic</u>. Its parts are interconnected and they are influenced by changes anywhere on the planet: land or ocean.

6. CLIMATE.

- a) <u>Climate</u> is the average of all weather at a particular location over a long (+50 years) period of time. <u>Climate maps</u> show the distribution of this averaged data; <u>climographs</u> give us a snapshot of individual locations.
- b) Climates change naturally as the combinations of weather events change and/or vary.

7. HUMAN IMPACT.

- a) Climates can be <u>altered</u> by the works of people (pollution, vegetation removal, reservoir building).
- b) $\underline{\text{Microclimates}}$ can be created (urbanization, deforestation for agriculture, huge parking lots).

8. INFLUENCES ON CLIMATE FORMATION.

There are seven influences on the formation of climate:

latitude, land and water, ocean currents, wind direction, topographic barriers, elevation and air masses.